

MACKEREL IN IPSWICH BAY.

Respond to Throwing Bait in Any Part of Bay.

The boats are still jigging mackerel in Ipswich bay and it seems that in any part of the bay that bait is thrown, the fish can be raised. One boat got 100 yesterday and even better catches are reported. Several boats got between 50 and 100 and quite a number had 20 and 25 fish.

Those that have been say it is great fun and puts them in mind of the days years ago, when they used to "go to the bay" or remained home and fished off the "water bridge."

The fish are small and in fine condition and are extra fine eating.

Aug. 27.

THREE DOLLARS FOR HADDOCK.

Scarcity of Fish Runs Up Boston Prices.

With only a handful of fish at T wharf today, haddock are up to \$3.00 and some new live cod fetched the same figure. Swordfish are dropping rapidly, caused not so much by what the vessels are bringing in there, as by the number shipped daily from Nova Scotia and the good catches being made by the small boats along shore just now.

There are but four ground fish fares in and sch. Edith Silveria, with 70,000 pounds has almost double what the other three have all together. Two Portland craft have fine swordfish trips and sch. Charles A. Dyer has a supply of fresh and salted porgies. Swordfish are down to 11½ cents per pound.

Sch. Edmund Black, one of the swordfishermen arriving at T wharf yesterday, captured 20 of her total of 44 swordfish in the Bay of Fundy, where the skipper, Capt. Black, remained for 10 days. The Black was launched and commissioned early in the season and has already stocked \$2800 in the three trips she has made into T wharf. Her crew have shared \$270 a man.

Boston Arrivals.

Sch. Mary J. Ward, 1000 cod, 5000 pollock.
Sch. Albert W. Black, 44 swordfish.
Sch. Kate L. Palmer, 40 swordfish.
Sch. Edith Silveria, 10,000 haddock, 60,000 cod, 3000 pollock, 1 swordfish.
Sch. Viking, 24,000 cod.
Sch. Boyd and Leeds, 16,000 cod.
Sch. Charles A. Dyer, 60 bbls., fresh porgies and 40 bbls. salt porgies.
Haddock, \$3.00 per cwt.; large cod, \$2.25 to \$3.00; market \$1.80; swordfish, 11½ to 12½ cts. per lb.

Flitched Halibut Fleet Spoken.

Capt. John McKay of sch. Monitor reported speaking five of the flitched halibut fleet a week ago last Monday in latitude 49 north. Sch. Fannie A. Smith had from 95,000 to 10,000 pounds of flitchers, sch. Margaret 20,000 pounds, sch. Essex 75,000 pounds, sch. Henry M. Stanley 65,000 to 70,000 pounds, sch. Massachusetts, 35,000 pounds. Sch. Admiral Dewey, Oregon and Jennie B. Hodgdon were reported to the northward up around 54.

A month ago schs. Jennie B. Hodgdon and Oregon were spoken well up north by sch. Atlanta, the former with 48,000 pounds of flitches and the latter with 40,000 pounds. These vessels were picking up 2000 of 3000 a day when there was a chance to fish.

Searching For Wreck.

The Nova Scotia steamer Atlantic returned to La Have Sunday afternoon after an unsuccessful search for the capsized sch. Orinoco of this port, which went down off Sambro a week ago Wednesday. They evidently think the craft will float after her salt dissolves.

Stocked \$2400 on Two Trips.

Sch. Richard, Capt. Simmons, of this port stocked \$1200 on her haddock trip at Boston yesterday. She stocked the same amount on her trip before this one, thus getting \$2400 stock in two weeks.

Bait at Southern Head, Grand Menan.

Sch. Yakima of this port baited at Southern Head, Grand Menan, on Monday and Capt. Wharton wanted to notify the Times that there was plenty of bait there.

Rockport Fish Notes.

The boats had a fine day on swordfish off here yesterday, some getting as high as three fish. In all 18 were landed, some very large, going over 500 pounds.

The gasoliner's landed 125 barrels of bluebacks.

Aug. 27.

FARES HERE FOR MARKET.

Three Provincetown Schooners Bring Codfish Catches.

There are not many arrivals at this port this morning, but what they lack in number they make up in size and when those with salt cod weigh their fish out it looks as though they would give the one million pound mark a close rub. There is nothing doing in the mackerel line, one lot of two barrels yesterday afternoon, being all the story.

Three of the Provincetown dory handline codfishing fleet, schs. Lottie Byrnes, Gladstone and Monitor are here this morning, coming over from their home port, to put their catches on the market. The vessels each have from 250,000 to 275,000 pounds and as they have not been gone long, bring among the late starters, are expected to have fine goods.

The drift codfishermen Jubilee and Pythian are also in, the former hauling for 55,000 pounds and the latter for 50,000 pounds, both fine fares.

Yesterday afternoon sch. Aspinet came down from Boston with 30,000 pounds of fresh fish for the splitters and sch. Saladin brought in two barrels of salt mackerel. One of the barrels of half sized herring, with now and then a big one among them, and the steamer Bryda F., with 150 barrels of bluebacks had about all she could carry. Steamer Bessie A. also had a full load of bluebacks.

The arrivals and receipts in detail are as follows:

Today's Arrivals.

Sch. Lottie Byrnes, Quero Bank, dory handlining, via Provincetown, 250,000 lbs. salt cod.
Sch. Monitor, Quero Bank, dory handlining, via Provincetown, 250,000 lbs. salt cod.
Sch. Gladstone, Quero Bank, dory handlining, via Provincetown, 225,000 lbs. salt cod.
Sch. Mattie Brundage, via Portland.
Sch. Jubilee, Rips, 55,000 lbs. salt cod.
Sch. Pythian, Rips, 50,000 lbs. salt cod.
Sch. Saladin, Rips, seining, 2 bbls. salt small mackerel.
Sch. Aspinet, via Boston, 30,000 lbs. fresh fish.
Steamer Independence II., shore, 65 bbls. bluebacks.
Steamer Bryda F., shore, 150 bbls. bluebacks.
Steamer Bessie A., shore, 80 bbls. bluebacks.
Torchers, shore, 45 bbls. herring.

Vessels Sailed.

Sch. Sylvia M. Nunan, haddocking.
Sch. Tecumseh, swordfishing.
Sch. Mettacommet, shore.
Sch. Eugenia, Rips.
Sch. Harmony, seining.
Sch. Pontiac, seining.
Sch. Electric Flash, seining.
Sch. Gladys and Sabra, Rips.
Sch. Priscilla Smith, North Bay.
Sch. Benjamin A. Smith, seining.

Harbor Notes.

Sch. Hortense is on Parkhurst's railways.

Fishing Fleet Movements.

Schs. Preceptor and Emily Cooney were at Canso, N. S., on Tuesday.
Sch. Hope, Capt. James Procter, will now give up swordfishing and fit for market fishing.

Aug. 27.

Sch. Mildred V. Nunan was at Lunenburg, N. S., Tuesday, seeking bait and cleared for Liverpool.

Sch. Mattie D. Brundage landed 15,000 pounds of halibut at Portland yesterday.

Sch. Ralph L. Hall was at Mulgrave, N. S., on Tuesday and sch. Veda M. McKown sailed from there the same day.

Sch. Bohemia was at Shelburne, N. S., on Tuesday.

Today's Fish Market.

Cape North salt cod, large, \$3; mediums, \$2.75.

Outside sales fresh western cod, large, \$2; market, \$1.65; haddock, 65c. and 67 1-2c.

Outside sales fresh eastern cod, large, \$1.70; mediums, \$1.50.

Outside sales salt Rips cod, \$3.60 per cwt. for large and \$3.25 for mediums.

Salt dory handline codfish, large, \$3.25; mediums, \$3.

Outside sales of round pollock, 60c. per cwt.

Bank halibut, 11 cts. per lb. for white and 8 cts. for gray.

Salt bullseyes, \$9 per bbl.

Salt large mackerel, late caught, rimmed \$27.50 per bbl.

Small salt mackerel \$16.25 to \$18.00 per barrel.

Board of Trade prices:

Large drift Georges cod, \$3.60 per cwt.; medium cod, \$3.25.

Large halibut cod, \$3 per cwt.; medium cod, \$2.75; snappers, \$1.50.

Trawl salt Georges cod, large, \$3.50; mediums, \$3.

Large salt handline Georges cod, large \$3.75, medium \$3.25.

Dory handline salt cod, large, \$3.25; mediums, \$3.

Eastern drift salt cod, large, \$3.50; mediums, \$3.15.

Trawl bank cod, large, \$3.00 per cwt.; medium, \$2.75; snappers, \$1.50. \$1.50.

Salt cusk, large, \$2.50 per cwt.; medium, \$2.00, snappers, \$1.

Salt pollock, \$1 per cwt.; salt haddock, \$1; salt hake, \$1.

Splitting price for fresh fish, Western cod, large, \$2 per cwt.; medium do., \$1.65; Eastern cod, large, \$1.70; medium cod, \$1.50; cusk, \$1.65 for large \$1.20 for medium, and 50 cts. for snappers; haddock 65 cts.; hake 65 cts, pollock 60 cts.

Aug. 28.

NATIONAL DOGFISH BOUNTY BILL.

Pests Destroy More Sea Food in the Year Than the Entire Nation Eats.

United Effort Should be Made to Secure Passage of Law.

To the Editor of the Times:—Because Congressman Charles Q. Tirrell of Massachusetts, in charge of the passage of the national dogfish bounty bill, has been unable to enlist the co-operation of the New England delegation of congressmen at Washington, D. C., since 1903-5 years, he therefore, complains that the congressmen from the seacoast of New England are lukewarm, consequently, nothing can be expected from the west and south till New England comes to the front and leads the way.

Mr. Tirrell knows how this great work should be done and stands ready to make this bill a law, but he must have aid to turn this pest into fertilizer and oil instead of allowing it to be canned as rations for our army and navy, as canned our embalmed dogfish or some "just as good as salmon" misbrand—which is against the pure food law.

The sea food should be preserved for the people instead of the dogfish, as the population is increasing all the time, and meat is continually increasing in price.

Secretary Davis of this bill labored hard with President Roosevelt during his last four years of administration to do something to exterminate the sea sharks as well as the land sharks, but as the latter took up so much of his official time, the best he would do was to refer the matter to the United States fish commissioner at Washington, D. C., which of course, helped some, but was not like taking the matter up personally.

Dogfish Eat More Sea Food Than the Entire People.

Aug. 28

Thus the national dogfish bounty bill has been left to President Taft as a legislative legacy, and now that Mr. Taft has taken up summer residence at Beverly by the sea, it will interest him to know that while he is eating his breakfast, looking seaward, the dogfish are eating their breakfast and eating more lobsters, mackerel, and other edible fish than all the people in the state of Ohio. And during the year they are eating more sea food of an edible nature than the 90,000,000 of the United States annually eat. This gives an idea of what this nation loses of its sea food supply. One remarkable thing about the current reported messages of President Roosevelt in summing up a list of this nation's resources was the omission of the national sea food supply and reserve from this list. The forest, mines and waterways were not omitted. Just why this omission was made no one pretends to explain, but one thing is sure that if the destruction by dogfish of the national sea food supply and reserve had been pointed out by the president then, their elimination would have been speedily begun, as by Canada.

The fact is the west is planning for the obtaining of billions of dollars in bonds and appropriations. The thing now to do is for the New England delegation to refuse to vote for such appropriations until the western delegation agrees to eliminate the dogfish, which is

Devouring Millions Upon Millions of Edible Fish Annually

upon the eastern and northwestern coasts.

The pure food law forbids the sale of dogfish under misbrands—to the army and navy as rations in canned, embalmed or other forms except labelled dogfish, likewise to the people at large. The dogfish makes the best pure fertilizer known as a natural product, while the oil is valuable for lubricating oil for our battleships, navy and construction departments, for tanning leather, etc., etc.

If private individuals would pay two cents or five cents each per dogfish, then there might have to be no bounty offered, but the fact is, kerosene oil has reduced the price of crude dogfish, as that the dog fisheries wouldn't pay, and as for fertilizer purposes, under private enterprise, the fishermen could only average about one cent each for the carcasses of the buzzards of the sea, so that owing to the increasing of price of edible fish has been so attractive to the fishermen that they would not catch dirty dogfish for one cent each, when they could get 25, 35 and 50 cents for mackerel at times or lobster at 15 to 25 cents a pound. This is the situation before the next congress and President Taft.

If the fishermen would only hold a presidential dogfish catching day off Gloucester or Orr's Island, Me., then the matter would be speedily settled in 1910, as the president could "show them" out in Washington, D. C. A stuffed specimen sent to each congressman would help to convince them that of all the pests afflicting the United States, that the dogfish is the only one that will pay the cost of his own extermination through federal dogfish reduction works to fertilizer and oil as Canada has been and is now doing. When President Taft gets after the dogfish with the bounty bill, the fisheries will be saved for the nation and not the dogfish.

State senator Walsh of Connecticut made a trip to the nearby fishery banks off Orr's Island, Casco Bay, Me., and said he was thoroughly convinced of the necessity of the extermination of dogfish, and that he would take the matter personally to the United States senator from Connecticut.

Aug. 28.

Good Swordfish Catch.

Three of our boats brought in swordfish on Thursday, the Lena May had two weighing about 500 pounds, the Marguerite S. McKenzie had three weighing about 1100lbs., and the Minnie one weighing 500 pounds. The price having dropped from 13 cents to 10 cents, the McKenzie and Minnie iced them up and would not sell. The Lena May sold to the Sandy Bay Fish Co.

Lobster smack C. B. Harrington of Boston, bound to the eastward, made harbor here during the high wind yesterday.

Aug. 28.

Second Largest Seining Stock.

Sch. Pontiac, Capt. Enos Nickerson will continue seining for two weeks more before shifting over to market fishing. The Pontiac has stocked \$16,700 thus far this season the crew sharing \$402. Capt. Nickerson has made some big trips and the only craft ahead of him in the seining fleet is sch. Mary E. Harty, Capt. Reuben Cameron.

Aug. 28.

THE NEW FISHING BANK.

Great Acquisition to the North Atlantic Cod Supply.

Regarding the new codfish bank recently discovered in the Gulf of St. Lawrence the St. John's, N. F., Chronicle has the following interesting article:

"We learn that a new 'cod bank' has been discovered in the Gulf of St. Lawrence off the west coast of Newfoundland, by the Canadian government survey ship Elinor, which for the past three or four years has been engaged in surveying in Newfoundland waters. The new 'bank' is said to be situated about 25 miles northwest from Point Riche, and it is a very extensive one, being 25 miles long and from 10 or 12 miles wide. The least depth of water over the 'bank' is about 18 fathoms. Whilst on the new 'bank,' the crew of the Elinor jigged several barrels of splendid fish in a very short time. The acquisition of this store house of codfish to the 'banks of Newfoundland' will prove of immense benefit to the fishermen of this country.

"Banks of Newfoundland are made of the sand brought down by icebergs via the Labrador current from the coast against which they were originally built up. The icebergs melt when they meet the Gulf Stream, and the sand is deposited off the Newfoundland coast, where it is soon covered with the sea-weed, in which the fish can find their food and lay their eggs.

"More recent surveys, however, make it probable that these plateaux at a very remote period formed a part of the island of Newfoundland, which has been rubbed away by continual glacial action until it has assumed the form of these submarine islands or plateaux.

"They are the natural home of cold water fish, as the cod, etc., and have been frequented by Europeans for the purpose of the codfishery ever since the year 1500. The codfish is more abundant here than in any other portion of the globe.

"The Great or Grand Bank is the most extensive submarine elevation known to exist in any ocean. It is 600 miles long and 200 miles broad. It lies to the coast of Newfoundland commencing in latitude 50 degrees, and running far to the south, surreads out and grows higher as it proceeds. The depth over it varies from 25 to 90 fathoms. The warm Gulf Stream washes its southern side, where it falls

in a rapid slope to 3130 fathoms. The Arctic current brings a temperature often 20 degrees lower than that of the water from the Tropics. The fishing grounds do not extend over the whole bank, but have an extent of about 200 miles in length and 67 in breadth. The best fishing grounds on this bank are between the latitudes of 42 degrees and 46 degrees north.

"Outer Bank, or Flemish Cap, appears to be a continuation of the Grand Bank at a lower elevation. It lies within the longitude of 44 degrees, 15 minutes and 45 degrees and 25 minutes west, and the latitudes of 44 degrees, 10 minutes and 47 degrees, 30 minutes north. The surroundings on it are from 100 to 160 fathoms.

"St. Peter's Bank, off the southern end of Newfoundland, has from 15 to 25 fathoms of water, being connected with the Grand Bank by Green Bank and Whale Bank, with soundings, generally from 20 to 80 fathoms. To the south and southwest of St. Peter's Bank are Mizen Bank, Banquereau, and Porpoise Bank."

Aug. 28.

Portland Fish Notes.

Fish receipts here continue of very small proportions and were it not that quite a lot of fish was carried into Boston on Monday there would be a famine in this vicinity. The little sloop Crusader came in Wednesday with a fare of 500 pounds of mixed fish and also one big swordfish, the latter weighing 500 pounds and selling for \$67.

Sch. Albert D. Willard, one of the new and successful members of the swordfishing fleet arrived here Wednesday with 18 large-sized fish which were disposed of at a good price. The Willard has had fairly good luck during the season and the men have fared well.

A 40-foot swivel-tail shark put in an appearance off House Island Thursday about 10 o'clock. The great fish caused lots of excitement among several who chanced to be near him in motor boats when he came out of the water. They did not go to see what he looked like but gave him plenty of room. The big fish did not stay on the surface long but sank and disappeared into deeper water.

Aug. 28.

75

FISH OILS AND LEATHER.

Former Contributes to Success of North Shore Tanners.

Fish oil, a by-product of the fishing industry, contributes largely to the success of the North Shore tanners of upper leather, says the Salem News. Indeed, it has been stated that the fat liquoring process, or the treatment of leather with oils, contributes more to the superiority of American upper leathers than even the celebrated chrome process. The fat liquoring process gives to leather, strength and flexibility, and a beautiful, lustrous, silky finish, according to the skill and judgment of the tanner in applying it.

Fortunately, tanners of this vicinity have always been able to obtain a plentiful supply of the best fish oils. The fishing industry has been carried on by Essex county cities and towns since the earliest colonial days. In the 17th century; the supply of whale oil, taken from whales off shore, was abundant. Much oil was sent to Europe. The supply of whale oil was kept up until the last century, for Salem, Lynn and Newburyport sent out whaling ships. Whale oil is still obtained from New Bedford, by the way. Only recently a ship came in with 1000 barrels.

Salem's Blubber Hollow is said to have taken its name from the large use of whale oil, by its tanners in dressing leather. Some dispute this tradition and say that whale oil was not used, but that palm oil from Africa and fish oil were used. One veteran of the trade recalled that, before the war, Marblehead fisherman used to come up the South river to wharves where the stone station now stands. Tanners went to these fishing vessels with buckets in their hands and got them filled with oil and lugged them home. Business was done on a small scale in those olden days.

The fishermen, by the way, knew the value of oil for dressing leather quite as much as did the tanners. It was a custom among old Marblehead fishermen when they put on a new pair of fishing boots to step into a bucket of oil and let the oil soak into the pores of the leather. This made the leather as waterproof as leather can be.

A recent consular report from Robert P. Skinner at Hamburg shows the difficulty with which Germans tanners secure their oils. They have no domestic supply, and so are compelled to import from the United States, Argentina, Brazil, Chili, China, Fiji, Friendly islands, England, Norway, Denmark and other countries. North Shore tanners seem especially fortunate in having the Gloucester supply of fish oils so near at hand.

Aug. 28.

Portland Fish Notes.

The fish famine which has threatened Portland during the week was relieved Thursday when the big fishing schooner Mattie D. Brundage of Gloucester arrived in port with 10,000 hake and cusk, 16,000 pounds of halibut and two small swordfish. This is the first vessel to arrive since last week and several of the dealers were commencing to worry as to how they would supply their trade but the arrival of the Brundage answered the purpose, as her fare was a large one and was soon landed on the wharf.

Reports from the Gulf cities agree that red snappers, the principal fish taken from the Gulf waters, have been scarcer this year than ever before in the history of the southern fisheries. Severe storms in the Gulf are attributed as the cause, but it is also probable the millions of these fish taken year by year from the fishing banks of the Gulf of Mexico is beginning to tell upon the supply.

The largest tarpon ever taken in Texas waters was caught recently by R. H. Ward, of San Antonio, at Tarpon, Texas. The fish was of the silver variety, six feet eleven inches long, and weighed 189 pounds.

Yarmouth, N. S., Fish Notes.

The sch. Loran B. Snow arrived in port Monday from the fishing grounds with 12,000 lbs. of halibut and 10,000 lbs. of cod. She reports fish very scarce on Brown's Bank. Bait remains plentiful here but is scarce along the South Shore.

Aug. 28.

Swordfish Notes.

Yachtsmen report that schools of swordfish were seen disporting themselves recently not far from Chester, N. S. This ferocious looking inhabitant of the sea has a substantial commercial value, especially in the United States market. Upwards of a hundred cases, each containing a swordfish have been shipped to Boston within the last fortnight. An interesting contrast could be seen Wednesday at Boutilier's wharf, Halifax, on the deck of a newly arrived supply craft, one immense swordfish encumbering the whole deck space of the two-masted schooner. This monster with his vicious looking prongs weighed 500 pounds, and close by on the cuddy was a "baby" swordfish of 70 pounds. At Wilson's fish market, a swordfish, nearly 500 pounds in weight, was landed early Tuesday morning.

Washington Fish Products.

Fishing products of Washington state for the year ending December 31, 1908, amounted to \$3,513,240, representing a total of 117,711,600 pounds of fish and shellfish, according to the preliminary report of B. Dana Durand, director of the United States Census Bureau. The statistics are confined to the fishing industry and do not include wholesale fish dealers or canneries.

Fishermen employed numbered 4954, of which 2058 were independent and 2896 being wage earners. The vessels numbered 153, valued at \$1,153,987, outfit valued (bait, fuel, provisions, etc.) \$431,560; 2835 boats, \$384,839. Apparatus of capture, total value \$1,161,670, as follows: Dredges, tongs, etc., \$5230; 2221 gill nets, \$209,460; lines, \$45,110; 7755 crabpots, \$11,580; 635 pound nets, \$752,260; 349 seines, \$68,280; 43 wheels (fish), \$69,000. Miscellaneous apparatus \$750. Shore and accessory property, \$220,360. Cash capital, \$88,870.

Products: Black cod, 168,300 lbs., \$4880; cod, salted, 4,648,000 lbs., \$123,780; halibut, 30,071,500 lbs., \$1,235,760; herring, 2,206,000 lbs., \$18,680; perch, 660,500 lbs., \$14,700; rockfish, including snappers, 132,000 lbs., \$5160; salmon, blueback or sockeye, 12,500,900 lbs., \$513,120; salmon, chinook, 12,336,200 lbs., \$565,120; salmon, dog or chum, 13,355,500 lbs., \$117,560; salmon, silver, 14,080,100 lbs., \$254,610; salmon, steelhead, 2,338,900 lbs., \$122,860; smelt, 2,897,000 lbs., \$61,320; sole 190,000 lbs., \$3780; sturgeon, 184,800 lbs., \$6040; miscellaneous fish, 446,400 lbs., \$6590.

Aug. 28.

**LIGHT RECEIPTS,
HIGH PRICES.****Features of Fresh Fish Market at T Wharf Today.**

T wharf winds up the week with high prices and very light receipts. Sch. Teazer, which has a fare of halibut, struck a hungry market and a fine advance. Swordfish are dropping in price as the supply is good now daily.

Haddock and cod, shore live goods, brought \$5 right through and sch. Teazer got out a few off shore cod at \$2.25.

There were but four vessels at the wharf this morning and 17,000 pounds covered all the shore fish in sight.

T wharf wholesale dealers were made happy yesterday morning by a consignment of small mackerel, and by news from Ipswich that small mackerel had appeared there and were being taken with hook and line. For several days now the dealers have had no fresh-caught mackerel for their customers, and those who handled any had to draw on their reserve in the freezer. Yesterday morning 20 barrels of the small mackerel came over the road to market.

The arrivals at Boston with groundfish for the week ending yesterday numbered 67, with 1,913,000 pounds, against 69 arrivals with 216,830 pounds for the corresponding week last year.

Capt. Frank Watts, formerly of sch. Seaconnet is to have a new vessel built for him. The contract will be awarded in a few days.

Capt. Thomas Somers will command sch. Francis J. O'Hara, Jr., in the cod shack fishing.

The receipts in detail this morning are:

Boston Arrivals.

Sch. Maxwell, 3500 cod, 6000 pollock. Sch. Emerald, 5000 haddock, 600 cod, 2000 hake.

Sch. Teazer, 8000 fresh cod, 20,000 salt cod, 20,000 cusk, 10,000 halibut. Sch. Angie B. Watson, 22 swordfish.

Aug. 28.

Sch. Bernie and Bessie, 28 swordfish.

Sch. Sadie M. Nunan, 9000 haddock, 35,000 cod, 2000 cusk, 2000 pollock, 9 swordfish.

Haddock, \$5 per cwt.; large cod, \$2.25 to \$5; market cod, \$5; pollock, \$2; hake, \$1.50; swordfish 11 cts. per lb.; halibut 12 cts for white and 10 cts for gray.

Nova Scotia Fish Movements.

Digby—Hake plenty; cod and haddock fair; herring scarce.

Liverpool—Cod, haddock and herring fair.

Lunenburg—Cod fair; bankers Virginia and Mattawa in with 1600 and 1700 quintals respectively.

Salmon River—Cod fair.

Isaac's Harbor—Few cod and herring.

Queensport—Haddock fair; cod, hake and herring scarce.

West Arichat—Herring fair.

Port Hood—Cod, haddock and hake fair.

Georgetown—Herring plenty; cod and hake fair.

Miminegash—Herring fair; cod and hake scarce.

Grand Manan, North Channel—Hake very plenty.

Grand Manan, Seal Cove—Herring reported in nets.

Port Daniel—Cod and squid fair.

Ste. Adelaide de Pabos—Cod fair; herring scarce.

Aug. 28.

**SOLD COD AT
MARKET PRICE.****Three Provincetown Vessels
Brought Fares to This Port.**

Arrivals here today are light, very light indeed, one drift fisherman with salt cod and three market boats down from Boston with fresh fish to split being all there was up to this forenoon.

The drifter, sch. Gertrude, has 40,000 pounds of salt cod and the market boats, Mary Edith, Edith Silveira and Sadie M. Nunan, about 50,000 pounds each.

The fares of dory handline cod of the Provincetown schooners Monitor, Gladstone and Lottie Brynes brought the going market price, \$3.25 for large, and \$3 for mediums, the two former trips going to Cunningham & Thompson and the latter to the Gloucester Salt Fish Co.

The arrivals and receipts in detail are as follows:

Today's Receipts.

Sch. Gertrude, Rips, 40,000 lbs. salt cod.

Sch. Mary Edith, via Boston, 50,000 lbs. fresh fish.

Sch. Edith Silveira, via Boston, 55,000 lbs. fresh fish.

Sch. Sadie M. Nunan, via Boston, 50,000 lbs. fresh fish.

Vessels Sailed.

Sch. Georgiana, haddocking.

Sch. Claudia, deck handlining.

Sch. Harvard, deck handlining.

Sch. Hattie A. Heckman, deck handlining.

Sch. Arthur James, seining.

Sch. Annie and Jennie, shore.

Sch. Reliance, shore.

Sch. Victor and Ethan, haddocking.

Sch. Monitor, halibuting.

Sch. Aspinet, haddocking.

Aug. 28.

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Cape North salt cod, large, \$3; mediums, \$2.75.

Outside sales fresh western cod, large, \$2; market, \$1.65; haddock, 65c. and 67 1-2c.

Outside sales fresh eastern cod, large, \$1.70; mediums, \$1.50.

Outside sales salt Rips cod, \$3.60 per cwt. for large and \$3.25 for mediums.

Salt dory handline codfish, large, \$3.25; mediums, \$3.

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Salt bullseyes, \$9 per bbl.

Salt large mackerel, late caught, rimmed \$27.50 per bbl.

Small salt mackerel \$16.25 to \$18.00 per barrel.

Aug. 28.

Board of Trade prices:

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Large halibut cod, \$3 per cwt.; medium cod, \$2.75; snappers, \$1.50.

Trawl salt Georges cod, large, \$3.50; mediums, \$3.

Large salt handline Georges cod, large, \$3.75, medium \$3.25.

Dory handline salt cod, large, \$3.25; mediums, \$3.

Eastern drift salt cod, large, \$3.50; mediums, \$3.15.

Trawl bank cod, large, \$3.00 per cwt.; medium, \$2.75; snappers, \$1.50. \$1.50.

Salt cusk, large, \$2.50 per cwt.; medium, \$2.00, snappers, \$1.

Salt pollock, \$1 per cwt.; salt haddock, \$1; salt hake, \$1.

Splitting price for fresh fish, Western cod, large, \$2 per cwt.; medium do., \$1.65; Eastern cod, large, \$1.70; medium cod, \$1.50; cusk, \$1.65 for large \$1.20 for medium, and 50 cts. for snappers; haddock 65 cts.; hake 65 cts, pollock 60 cts.

Aug. 30.

**GOOD FISHING
LATER IN SEASON**

Fishermen Say Mackerel Were Late in Spawning in North Bay.

Fish Caught in Ipswich Bay the Only Supply at Present.

All the fresh mackerel in sight are those that the dories and gasoline boats are catching daily out in Ipswich bay. Very few of these are sold to the dealers, as most of those out catching them are just for the sport of it and use their catches for their own table and to give to their friends. Nothing has been heard of late from the shore seining fleet, but it is supposed that the vessels are still operating around the Rips, off Sankaty Head, in South Channel and on Georges.

Quite a number have gone to North Bay, from whence the reports to date are not very encouraging, although a good body of fish, not schooling, are reported on Bank Bradele, and as the fish were late in spawning, the old fishermen think there will be good fishing later. The hauls made last year, when several of the seining fleet did well down there, were made after this date.

The following table gives the catch of salt and fresh mackerel to date this season and to date for the past five years:

	Salt Mackerel Bbls.	Fresh Mackerel Bbls.
1909	15,401	45,558
1908	18,876	46,084
1907	27,434	50,470
1906	7,969	32,018
1905	28,020	54,997
1904	26,970	46,127

The following table gives the imports of salt and fresh mackerel at Boston to date this year and to date for the past five years:

	Salt Mackerel Bbls.	Fresh Mackerel Bbls.
1909	6,604	6,396
1908	16,471	6,655
1907	6,777	4,984
1906	14,497	14,982
1905	9,211	6,890
1904	3,944	4,598

Latest From the North Bay Fleet.

A special to the Times from its correspondent at Souris, P. E. I., reports that the American mackerel fishing crafts which have thus far made that port this season are schs. J. M. Keen, Mertis H. Perry, Indiana, Diana, Blanche F. Irving, Veda M. McKown, Ralph L. Hall and Clintonia, the three latter arriving last week.

The fish commission sch. Grampus was also at Souris last week.

The first American seiners in North bay last year were at Souris, August 27 and good catches were made soon after.

This year mackerel spawned later than usual and all fish taken thus far have been secured by throwing bait and setting seines around the vessels. There appears to be fish all over the bay but thus far none have been reported schooling.

Sch. Indiana has 20 barrels and schs. Diana, Mertis H. Perry and John M. Keen have taken a few fish. The fish are of good quality and go about 120 count to the salted barrel.